HOME GROUNDS FACT SHE





Horticulture Center **Demonstration & Community Gardens** at East Meadow Farm

832 Merrick Avenue East Meadow, NY 11554 Phone: 516-565-5265

Recommended Trees and Shrubs for Long Island Sites

* Exhibit a low-water tolerance capability

SHADY, WOODLAND AREAS

Abelia x grandiflora * Amelanchier sp. Aucuba japonica Berberis julianae Berberis triacanthophora Cercis canadensis Clethra alnifolia

* Cornus alba Cornus florida * Cornus mas * Cornus racemosa Corylopsis sp. Corylus sp. Daphne sp.

* Hamamelis sp. Hydrangea quercifolia

Fothergilla sp.

* Ilex sp. Kalmia latifolia Lindera benzoin Mahonia sp. Photinia villosa Pieris floribunda Pieris japonica

Rhododendron (including azaleas)

Skimmia japonica

Spiraea thunbergii Styrax japonicus Taxus sp.

* Vaccinium sp. * Viburnum prunifolium Glossy Abelia Shadbush, Juneberry

Juliana Barberry Three Spine Barberry Redbud

Summersweet. Sweet Pepperbush Red Twig Dogwood Flowering Dogwood Cornelian Cherry **Gray Dogwood** Winter Hazel Hazelnut

Witch Hazel Oak Leaf Hydrangea

Holly

Mountain Laurel Spicebush Holly Grape Oriental Photinia Mountain Andromeda Japanese Andromeda

Thunberg Spirea Japanese Snowbell

Yew Blueberry Black haw

DRY, OPEN LAND AREAS

(Where natural vegetation has been removed)

* Acanthopanax sieboldianus Five-leaf Aralia *Acer campestre Hedge Maple * Acer ginnala Amur Maple * Betula populifolia Gray Birch * Buddleia davidii **Butterfly Bush** * Caragana arborescens Siberian peashrub * Chaenomeles sp. Flowering Quince * Cotinus coggygria Smoke Tree * Cornus mas Cornelian Cherry

* Crataegus phaenopyrum Washington Hawthorn **Broom**

* Cytisus sp.

* Gleditsia (cvs. & vars.)

* Hibiscus syriacus * Hypericum sp.

* Juniperus sp. * Kolkwitzia amabilis

*Liqustrum sp. Pinus sp.

* Potentilla sp. Quercus marilandica

* Quercus prinus

*Rhus sp.

* Ribes alpinum

*Rosa sp.

* Sassafras albidium

* Sophora japonica Sorbus alnifolia

* Viburnum lentago * Vitex agnus-castus Juniper Beautybush

Rose of Sharon

St. John's Wort

Privet Pine

Shrubby Cinquefoil Black Jack Oak Chestnut Oak Sumac

Thornless Honey Locust

Alpine Currant Rose (species)

Japanese Pagoda Tree Korean Mountain Ash

Nannyberry Chaste-tree

D-1-20 RW:cms revised JS 4/06

-continued-

SEASHORE CONDITIONS

* Arctostaphylos uva-ursi

* Aronia arbutifolia

* Calluna vulgaris

* Comptonia peregrina Cotoneaster sp.

* Crataegus crus galli

* Hippophae rhamnoides

llex glabra

* Ilex opaca

* Juniperus sp.

* Myrica pensylvanica

* Picea pungens (glauca)

* Pinus mugo

* Pinus rigida

* Potentilla sp.

* Prunus maritima

* Prunus serotina

* Rosa rugosa

Rosa setigera

* Rosa virginiana

Spiraea sp.

* Syringa vulgaris

* Vaccinium corymbosum

Wisteria sp.

Bearberry Chokeberry

Sweet Fern

Cockspur Thorn

Sea Buckthorn

American Holly

Colorado Blue Spruce

Heather

Inkberry

Juniper

Bayberry

Mugo Pine

Pitch Pine

Cinquefoil

Beach Plum

Black Cherry

Rugosa Rose

Prairie Rose

Virginia Rose

Common Lilac

Highbush Blueberry

*Acer campestre

* Acer pseudo platanus

* Acer "Celebration"

* Aesculus hippocastanum Betula nigra "Heritage"

* Celtis occidentalis

* Cornus mas

* Crataegus x lavallei

* Crataegus monogyna

* Crataegus phaenopyrum Fraxinus pennsylvanica cvs. Green Ash

Ginkgo biloba

* Gleditsia triacanthos (thornless vars.)

Gymnocladus dioicus

* Koelreuteria paniculata

* Malus sp.

Nyssa sylvatica Ostrva virginiana

Phellodendron amurense

* Platanus sp.

Prunus sargentii Pyrus calleryana cvs.

* Quercus rubra

* Quercus coccinea Quercus phellos

Quercus robur "Fastigiata" * Sophora japonica

Taxodium distichum * Tilia sp. Zelkova sp.

Celebration Maple

Hedge Maple

Sycamore Maple

Horse Chestnut Heritage River Birch

Hackberry

TREES, CITY CONDITIONS

Cornelian Cherry

Lavalle Hawthorn Single Seed Hawthorn

Washington Hawthorn

Ginkao

Honey Locust

Kentucky Coffee Tree

Golden Raintree

Crabapple

Sour gum, tupelo Hophornbeam

Amur Cork Tree

Planetree

Sargent Cherry

cultivars of Callery Pear

excepting "Bradford"

Northern Red Oak Scarlet Oak

Willow Oak

Fastigiate English Oak Japanese Pagoda Tree

Bald Cypress

Linden

Zelkova

TREES, STREET CONDITIONS **Small Trees for Suburban Streets**

* Acer campestre

* Acer ginnala

* Amelanchier sp.

* Carpinus betulus "Fastigiata"

Cornus kousa Corylus colurna

* Crataegus crus galli

* Crataegus x lavallei

* Crataegus phaenopyrum

* Crataegus viridis "Winter King

* Gleditsia triacanthos (thornless vars.)

* Koelreuteria paniculata

* Malus species, cultivars

Ostrya virginiana Pyrus calleryana cvs.

Quercus phellos Styrax japonicus Syringa reticulata

* Tilia cordata "Greenspire" and other cvs.

* Ulmus parvifolia

Hedge Maple Amur Maple

Shadblow, Sarvis tree,

Serviceberry

European Hornbeam Kousa Dogwood Turkish Filbert

Cockspur Thorn

Lavalle Hawthorn Washington Hawthorn

Winter King Hawthorn

Honey Locust

Golden Rain Tree Flowering Crabapple (small fruited and disease resistant types only) Hophornbeam

cultivars of Callery Pear

excepting "Bradford"

Willow Oak

Japanese Snowbell Japanese tree Lilac Little Leaf Linden

Chinese Elm

WET, SWAMPY AREAS

Alnus sp. Amelanchier sp.

Calycanthus floridus Cephalanthus occidentalis

Clethra alnifolia Cornus amomum

Ilex glabra llex verticillata

Lindera benzoin Rhododendron arborescens

Rhododendron

calendulaceum Rhododendron

periclymenoides Rhododendron vaseyi Rhododendron viscosum

Salix sp.

Thuja occidentalis

Vaccinium sp. Viburnum dentatum

Viburnum opulus

Alder

Shadbush, Juneberry

Sweetshrub Button-bush

Summersweet Silky Dogwood

Inkberry Winterberry Spicebush

Sweet Azalea

Flame Azalea

Pinxterbloom Azalea Pinkshell Azalea

Swamp Azalea Willow

American Arborvitae

Blueberry Arrowwood

European Cranberry Bush

TREES, STREET CONDITIONS

Larger Trees for Medium to Wide Streets

*Acer pseudo platanus

* Acer rubrum, various cvs. Fraxinus pennsylvanica "Summit," "Newport"

Ginkgo biloba

* Liquidambar styraciflua

Metasequoia glyptostroboides

Phellodendron amurense

Quercus rubra

Quercus imbricaria

* Sophora japonica "Regent" Tilia tomentosa

Zelkova serrata cvs.

Sycamore Maple Red Maple

Green Ash
Ginkgo
Sweet Gum
Dawn Redwood
Amur Cork Tree
Northern Red Oak
Shingle Oak
Chinese Scholar tree
Silver Linden
Zelkova

STREET TREE CONDITIONS

New street tree plantings are an investment in the future. The results of planting efforts today will be on display for criticism or approval for several decades. It is important to give full and careful consideration to all possible planting limitations before any trees are selected. Time spent here will lead to the successful street tree planting of the future. Some of the more important considerations are listed below in outline form.

1. Purpose or function

What is to be gained?

- a. shade
- b. decoration

2. Feasibility

Is there reasonable assurance of success? Consider:

- a. Suitability of site for planting and its limitations:
- 1. Is there adequate space between the sidewalk and curb?
- 2. Is there sufficient soil depth, soil fertility, aeration, moisture, drainage?
- 3. Is there freedom from obstructions above and below ground: utility lines, sewers, water lines, etc.?
- Traffic situation present and potential changes in the future.
- 1. What is the volume and kind of traffic on the various streets? Heavily-traveled streets with many large trucks present limitations.
- 2. What is the type of street? Is it limited access, residential, main highway through town, city street in business section, expressway, etc.?
- 3. What are the existing widths of the various streets and are there any proposals for changes in the future?
- 4. How should the streets be planted to ensure maximum safety?
- c. Local ordinances that may relate to tree placement and planting.

- d. Selection of trees that are adaptable to the planting site.
- 1. Is it of the proper shape and size that will not interfere with any of the limitations that may be present at the site?
- 2. Is it structurally sound?
- Is it reasonably tolerant of adverse conditions if they exist at the site? (i.e. city conditions are usually more severe than in surrounding residential areas.)
- 4. How much maintenance is required to keep the plant in healthy, vigorous condition? Are there any features of the plant - such as objectionable fruit or peeling bark - that might limit its usefulness as a street tree?
- 5. Is the plant sufficiently winter-hardy to tolerate the extremes of weather that may occur?
- 6. Does the plant have any seasonal interest, showy fruits, flowers, etc.?
- e. Provision for proper planting techniques to present optimum conditions for survival and growth after planting.
- 1. Will soil improvement be necessary (such as additional drainage or the addition of peat or other soil amendment) to improve the physical characteristics of the soil?
- 2. Will it receive suitable support and protection until well established?
- f. Provision for adequate maintenance after the tree is well established. Will the plant receive regular spraying, pruning, repair (if damaged), fertilizer and water?

3. Accomplishment

What is the best way to carry out the planting program to obtain the maximum benefit?

- a. Establishment of overall objectives may be based on tree census, in part.
- b. Based on previous studies, you have to determine on what streets the trees will be planted.
- Will involve a classification of streets and perhaps areas of the city or village as to tree planting potential.
- Need to select kind, type and size of tree that can be used successfully and will survive and grow on the planting site.
- Refrain from use of monocultures in street tree plantings. Vary the selection as much as possible. This will reduce the chance of a whole block of trees being "wiped out" by an insect infestation or other type of major unexpected problem.
- 4. Develop a type planting procedure that will be most effective for the particular planting area.
- 5. You must know the cost of the planting operation.
- There should be an adequate maintenance program provided for both existing trees and those added in new plantings.